Examples of habitats

woodland



Hedgehogs make a nest in leaves in woods.

pond

Goldish can breathe in water.



seashore



Crabs are omnivores and eat seaweed.

Antarctica

Polar bears are carnivores and eat seals.



ocean



Stingrays live in saltwater.

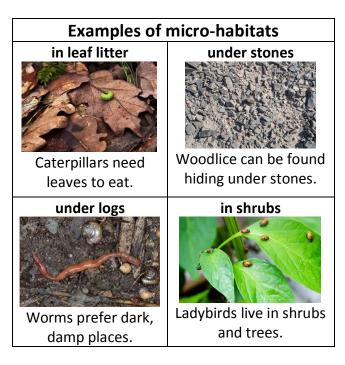
rainforest

Spider monkeys find food high up in the treetops.



Living things and their habitats – Year 2

| Key vocabulary | |
|----------------|---|
| living | Living things are plants and animals. |
| | |
| dead | Dead things include dead animals, plants and parts of plants and animals that are no longer attached. |
| | |
| never been | Objects made of rock, metal |
| alive | and plastic have never been |
| | alive. |
| | |
| habitat | The place where an animal or |
| | plant lives and provides their |
| | basic needs – shelter, food and |
| | water. |
| micro- | A very small habitat e.g. A log |
| habitat | that woodlice live under. |
| food chain | These show how animals get |
| | their food from plants and |
| | other animals. |



Food chains



The grass **is eaten by** the grasshopper. The grasshopper **is eaten by** the spider.



The leaf **is eaten by** the snail. The snail **is eaten by** the bird.